

OPPORTUNITIES + CHALLENGES IN 2023

Speaker: Fran DiDonato, Esq.

A Federalist System

Combines a central system (federal/national) with a regional system (states) into a single political system that shares powers between the two systems.



Americans live under both national and state governments.

NATIONAL POWERS

- Maintain military
- Declare war
- Establish postal system
- Set standards for weights and measures
- Protect copyrights and patents

SHARED POWERS

- Collect taxes
- Establish courts
- Regulate interstate commerce
- Regulate banks
- Borrow money
- Provide for the general welfare
- Punish criminals

STATE POWERS

- Establish local governments
- Set up schools
- Regulate state commerce
- Make regulations for marriage
- Establish and regulate corporations



Executve Order 14008 TACKLING THE CLIMATE CRISIS AT HOME AND ABROAD

- Major Foreign Policy and National Security Implications
- US to participate in international climate forums
- US to provide assistance at home and abroad to reduce carbon emissions
- US to use government-wide approac
- US to focus on equity and environmental justice to ensure those in low- to moderate-income communities are included in solutions
- Government to use procurement and spending as tool to provide climate solutions
- US to promote jobs in areas that will address climate

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)



REGULATIONS

- 2020 January Issued guidance on MD & A disclosures
- 2020 August Revised Regulation S–K (human capital)
- 2021 Approved change to Nasdaq rules on board diversity
- 2022 March Released proposed rules on climate-related disclosures (Scope 1, 2, 3).
- 2022 May Proposed amendments to rules and reporting on ESG

ENFORCEMENT by Climate and ESG Taskforce

- Vale S.A.
- BNY Mellon

OTHER AGENCIES

- DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (DOL)
- FEDERAL INSURANCE OFFICE (FIO)
- FINANCIAL STABILITY OVERSIGHT COUNCIL (FSOC)

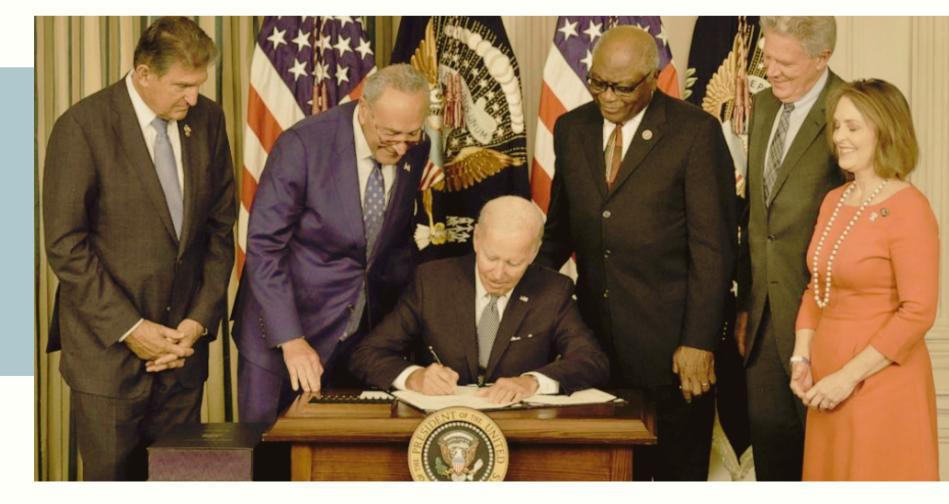
- PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)
- DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE)
- US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (USDA)
- HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT (HUD)
- DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR (DOI)
- DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)



\$739B MEASURE

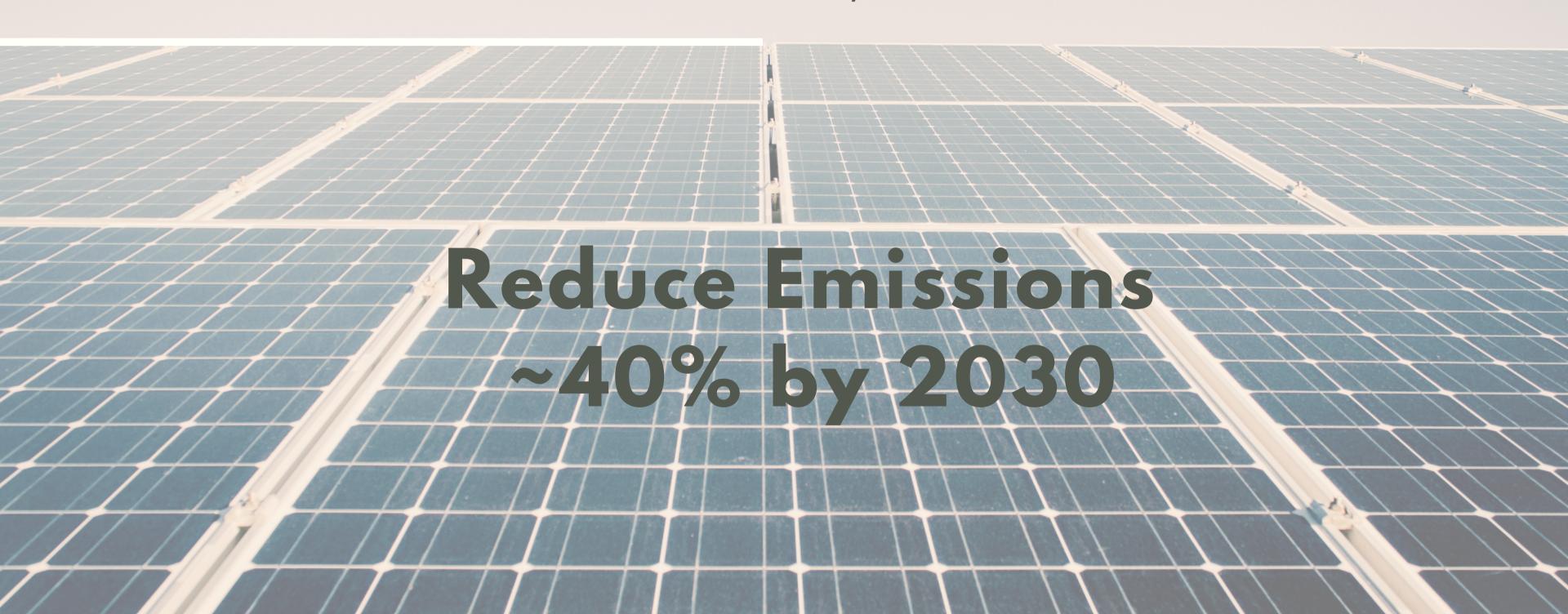
Sweeping health, climate, and tax bill

15% Minimum Tax - Large Corps \$305B Deficit Reduction \$400B to Climate Efforts



\$370B

CLEAN ENERGY, ENERGY EFFICIENCY, CLEAN TRANSPORTATION, CLEAN- AGRICULTURE + RESILIENCE, AND CLEAN MANUFACTURING



Opportunities for Funding

GUARANTEED INCENTIVES

- Investment Tax Credit
- Production Tax Credit
- Commercial EV Tax Credit
- Commercial Buildings Energy
 Efficiency Tax Deduction
- Home Electrification for Lowto Moderate-Income Households

COMPETITVE FUNDING

- Environmental + Climate
 Justice Block Grants
- Neighborhood Access + Equity
 Grants
- Green Bank
- Building Codes
- Competitive Funds for Non-Federal Foresters

Solar Tax Incentives

INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT (ITC)

- Up to 50% for solar, standalone energy storage and interconnection costs
- Base rate of 6% to 30% if Wage and Apprenticeship requirements are met (exception for microturbines – 2% base rate and 10% bonus credit rate)
- Bonus tax credits available for domestic content requirements, when a project is located in low-income communities, or for "Energy Communities" – get extra 20% bump

PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT (PTC)

- For solar energy facilities
- Expires in 2032 and no \$ cap
- Generates credit for each kWh produced for first 10 years of a project
- Base rate is 0.3 cents/kWh and max rate is 2.6 cents/kWh if Wage and Apprenticeship requirements are met













EV Tax Incentives

COMMERCIAL EV TAX CREDIT

- Expires January 1, 2033
- EV buyers get up to 30% tax credit
 - o capped at \$40,000 vehicles over 14,000 lbs
 - o capped at \$7,500 for vehicles under 14,000 lbs
- Hybrid vehicles can qualify for up to 15% credit

REFUELING INFRASTRUCTURE TAX CREDIT

- Expanded retroactively through beginning of 2022
- Goes until 2032, phase down from 2033-2035
- New maximum credit of \$100,000 or 30% cost per charger (whichever is less)
- Must comly with Wage and Apprenticeship requirements or base credit is 6%
- 2- and 3-wheel vehicles(i.e. e-bike) charging can qualify if used on public roads

Energy Efficiency Incentives + Rebates

COMMERCIAL BUILDING E-E TAX DEDUCTION

- Previous deduction made permanent
- Deduction for qualifying efficiency improvements from \$2.50/sq ft to max of \$5.00 sq/ft (if Wage and Apprenticeship requirements are met

HOME ENERGY PERFORMANCE REBATES

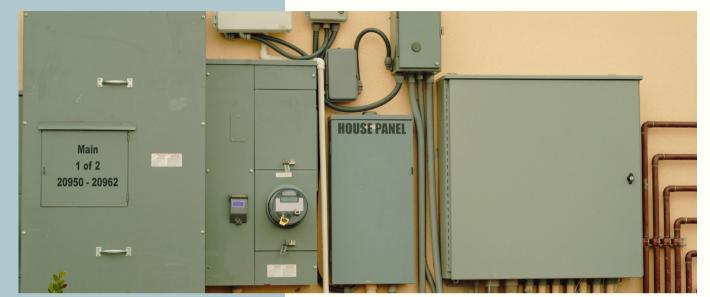
- Expires in 2031 or when money runs out
- \$4.3B in direct rebates for single- and multi-family
- Energy savings at least 35% up to \$400,00 of costs

ENERGY EFFICIENT NEW HOMES

- Extended through 2032
- Available for single- and multi-family manufactured homes
- \$2,500 for Energy Star or Manufactured New Homes reqs

INCOME-DEPENDENT PROGRAMS

- Low- to Moderate-income households can get up to \$14,000 (rebate)
- Higher income households up to 30% tax credit







Energy Efficiency Grants + Loans







AFFORDABLE HOUSING GRANTS + EFFICIENCY GRANTS

- \$5B to HUD
- \$1B direct grants, \$4B loans
- Expires 2028 or when funding runs out
- Grants + loans for upgrades to improve energy and water efficiency, improve air quality, building electrification and other sustainability measures

GRANTS FOR MATERIALS + TRAINING

- \$250M for development of next generation and low-carbon building materials
- \$200M for training and education for contractors to build the pipeline of workers needed to get upgrades dones

Competitive Funding Opportunities

ENVIRONMENTAL + CLIMATE JUSTICE BLOCK GRANTS

\$3B for community-led projects in disadvantaged communities

NEIGHBORHOOD ACCESS + EQUITY GRANTS

\$3B to reconnect communities divided by infrastructure barriers

CLIMATE POLLUTION REDUCTION GRANTS

\$250M/planning \$4.75B implementation

BUILDING CODES GRANTS

\$1B to adopt, update and improve codes

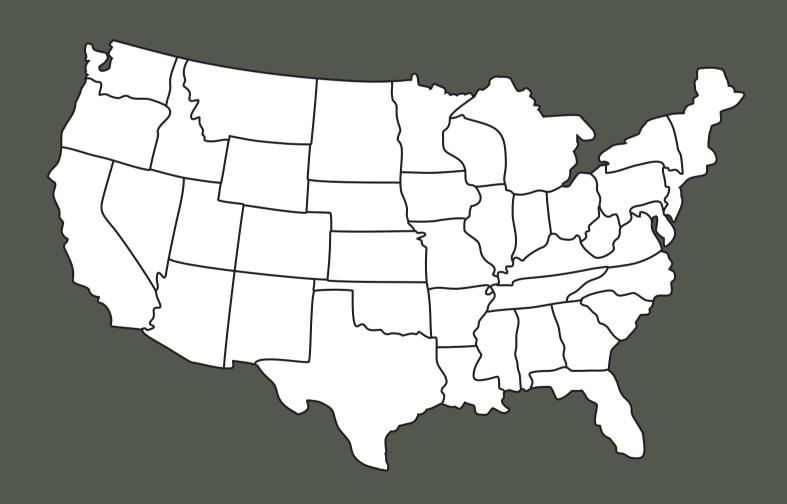
FORESTRY GRANTS

\$6.4B for conservation, restoration, urban forestry and management

GREEN BANK GRANTS

\$27B for national and local/\$16B earmarked for low-income and disadvantaged communities

States Leading in ESG





New York



California

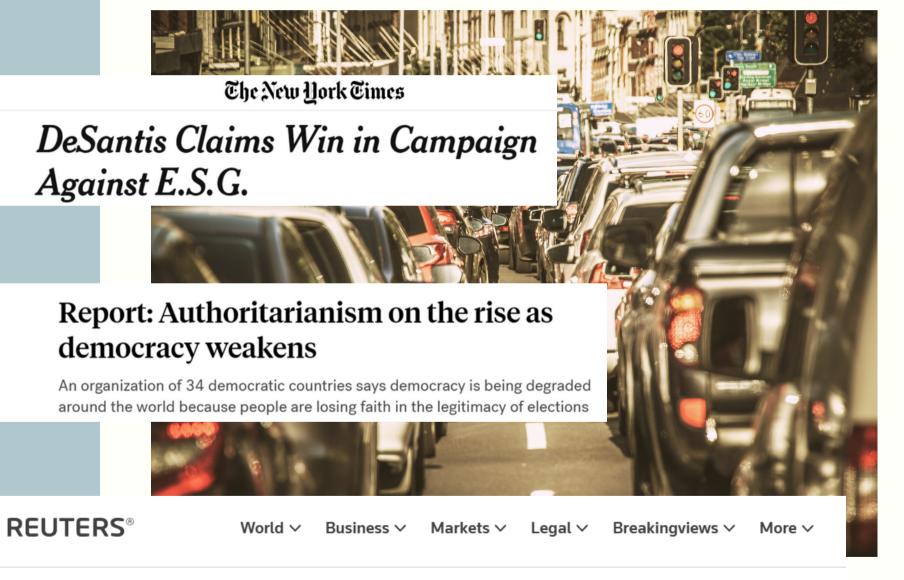


Massachusetts



Washington

CHALLENGES

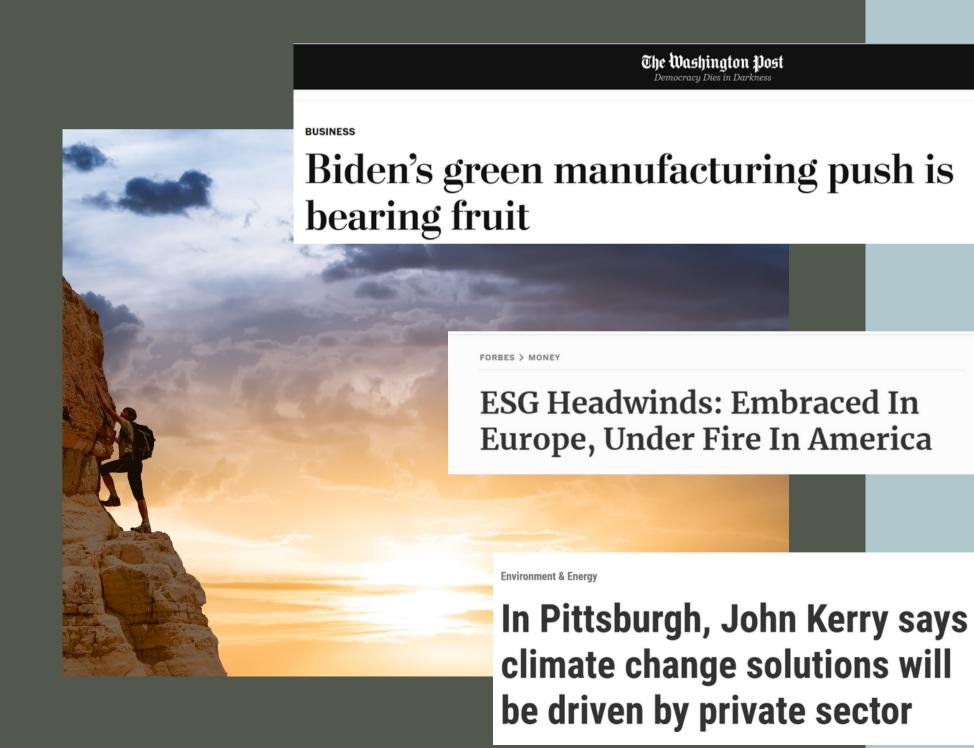


Biden's climate agenda has a problem Not enough workers

- POLITICS, PARTISANSHIP + GRIDLOCK
- RISE OF
 AUTHORITARIANISM DECLINE OF DEMOCRACY
- LACK OF CAPACITY + SKILLS

- MONEY \$\$\$\$\$\$
- CURRENT POLITICAL WILL
- CORPORATE LEADERSHIP + PRESSURE
- INTERNATIONAL REGUALTIONS
- INCREASED RISK + AWARENESS

OPPORTUNITIES



Thank You

Fran C. DiDonato
FranePracticumConsulting.Com
PracticumConsulting.Com

